

## RENOVATION OF TURBINE GOVERNING SYSTEM

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## **INTRODUCTION**

The development of technology is increasing day by day towards high availability of closed and open loop in critical control. Previously mechanical hydraulic control was used very extensively & now because of the development of electronics, reliability of electronic control has increased many folds. This resulted in replacement of hydraulic control by electronic control.

In view of above philosophy, up -gradation of our existing Turbine Governing system was carried out and new EHTC was commissioned in Unit 1 and 2.

## **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF EXISTING GOVERNING SYSTEM**

Mechanical centrifugal type hydraulic governing system.

Two nos. of ESVs and Four nos. of governing CVs.

Hydraulic oil system consisting of Lube oil, Relay oil, Sensitive oil, and Central safety oil line.

Hydro mechanical governing system utilises Speeder gear, Follow up Piston and centrifugal governor.

Mechanical overspeed tripping device.

Turbine protection system consists of trip gear which by releasing the oil from central safety line.

## **FIGURE: 1:\_OLD GOVERNING SYSTEM**

## **OVERVIEW OF THE MODIFICATION**

The mechanical-hydraulic speed governor replaced by EHC and new speed sensors.

All the following limiters isolated and replaced

ACC limiter by I&C system.

Vac. Limiter by 3 Pr. Swith,1 Pr. Tx. and I&C system

Live steam Limiter by 2 Pr. Tx. and I&C system

Load Limiter by I&C system

Mechanical Protection System replaced by TTB with 2oo3 regarding to 3 corresponding trip solenoid valves.

Functionality of online turbine test program to check the status of healthiness of safety system will be conserved by I&C and new solenoid valves (LUBE oil ATT and ESV ATT)

## **FIGURE: 2: MODIFIED SYSTEM**

## **FIGURE: 3: NEW EHG RACK AND EXISTING LINE MODIFICATION**

## **FIGURE:4: SPEED SENSOR MOUNTING**

## **TURBINE CONTROLLER CONCEPT**

The Turbine controller software runs in an automation system, where the Turbine control comprises all control functions required for valve control.

Turbine Controller fulfils the following tasks:

- 1)Acceleration of the turbine generator from turning speed to nominal speed in manual or auto mode
- 2)Synchronisation with the grid
- 3>Loading and unloading of the turbine generator between zero load and nominal load
- 4)Handling of full load rejection and load rejection to house load (initiation of fast closure)
- 5)Speed/admission control (Process controller)
- 6)Load control (Process controller)

- 7) Live Steam pressure limit control
- 8) Vacuum limit control
- 9) Load limit control
- 10) Acceleration limiter
- 11) Admission setpoint formation

### **1.Speed Control:**

The speed controller is always active during start-up and in island mode. As long as no limit control is active, speed control is the backup control if another active process controller fails. Following synchronisation, the speed controller serves as a power output adjuster for loading the steam turbine.

If load control is active, the speed controller is tracked to the active process controller to ensure a Bumpless switchover.

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### **1.Speed Sensor**

Three speed sensors are used for speed acquisition. The median value from the three speeds will be selected and for Turbine Control operation, two speed probes are required and the highest value is selected. An alarm will be issued for a channel fault or a tolerance band fault in each individual speed measurement. The monitoring function forms the speed limits for synchronisation and overspeed, while taking the hysteresis into account.

### **2.Load Control**

After synchronisation and first loading in speed control, load control is activated automatically to increase load until minimum load is reached. This is designed to prevent tripping of the generator protection system (reverse power mode). The controller output is automatically set to 0% during a turbine trip.

### **Load measurement**

Electrical power is measured using redundant analogue signals and a MAX selection is applied to both measurements. If one of the measurements fails, the remaining valid measurement is used. If both measurements fail, the fault is signalled and the load control is automatically deactivated.

### **Switchover to speed controller (power output adjuster)**

If load control mode was previously active, an automatic switchover to speed controller is performed.

### **3. Limit Controller**

**Pressure Limiter:** Inlet Pressure Limit Control Closes the control valves if inlet pressure falls below the set limit.

**Vacuum Limiter:** Vacuum Limit Control Closes the control valves if the condenser pressure exceeds the set limit.

**Load Limiter:** Electrical Power Limit Control Closes the control valves if the load exceeds the set limit.

**Acceleration Limiter:** Speed Acceleration Limit Throttles the control valves if the maximum allowable speed acceleration is exceeded.

## **PROCESS SIGNALS FOR PROTECTION**

### **Inputs from field :**

- 1)3 nos new Turbine Speed probes supplied 0-4000 rpm for over speed trip
- 2)3 nos contacts from new PB supplied for EMPB (local) Turbine Trip
- 3)3 contacts of MFT from existing SIS Panel for MFT to Turbine trip
- 4) 3 contacts of Gen. protection from ECR for Generator Electrical trip
- 5) 3 contacts of 3 nos pressure switch supplied for Condenser Vacuum Low Trip
- 6) 3 contacts given from existing Turbine trip relay in SIS panel for I&C Turbine Trip that includes Damper tank low, H/W level HI, and Fire Protection desk PB
- 7)3 signals from 3 Transmitters(2 supplied,1 existing) for Lub Oil Pressure Low Prot.
- 8)3 signals from 3 MS temp. for Wet steam protection and MS Temp. HI Prot.
- 9)3 contacts from Turbine Trip PB at UCR desk
- 10)3 signals from 3 nos existing MOT level Tx for MOT Level Low protection
- 11)2 signals for Axial Shift from existing TSI for Axial Shift Protection

### **Inputs from System:**

- 1)3 contacts from EHC Controller Tripped

## **PROCESS SIGNALS FROM FIELD FOR EHG AND INDICATION**

- 1)Trip Oil Pressure (3 nos transmitters supplied)
- 2)Gov. Oil pr. Before EHG (1 no transmitter supplied)
- 3)Gov. Oil pr. After EHG (1 no transmitter supplied)
- 4)DP across Gov. Oil Filter (1 no transmitter supplied)
- 5)Lub oil Pr. Before bearing (3 no. transmitter out of 2 supplied)
- 6)MS pressure (3 no. transmitter out of 2 supplied)
- 7)MOT level (3 no. existing transmitters)
- 8)Condenser vacuum (1 no transmitter supplied)
- 9)Live Steam flow to turbine (1 no. existing transmitter)
- 10)MS Temp. before turbine (3 no. existing transmitters)
- 11)HPCV 1,2,3,4 position (4 nos position transducers supplied)
- 12)All turbine metal temperatures( existing temp. Transmitters)
- 13)All TSI parameters ( from existing TSI signals )
- 14)Actual Load (2 signals from Electrical ECR)

## **POWER SUPPLY DISTRIBUTION**

- 1)220V DC @10A ----2 nos feeders for redundant supply of 24V DC to controllers, IM, ADDFEM, I/O Modules
- 2)230 V AC @20A----2 nos UPS sources for
  - A) Application server, Network attached storage, Network switch (via mini UPS)
  - B) Time server, Router
  - C) HMI, printer, EWS
- 3)230V AC @6A---- 2 nos non-UPS feeder for fan and lights

## **FIGURE: 5: SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE**

## **FIGURE: 6: OPERATION CONTROL MIMIC**

## **PRE SHUTDOWN ACTIVITIES**

Trip oil, Sensitive oil and power oil, QSV test line to be installed upto formerly erected oil pipe lines.

Drain oil from rack to return oil header to be made ready  
Steam flushing and hydro test of all fabricated pipes  
Flushing of drain valves  
Mounting of all local Tx and switches (LIR)  
Cabling from field JB to marshalling panel  
Cabling from marshalling to UCR (Cable gallery)  
Mounting of all local JBS  
Software loading in OWS and EWS  
Cable continuity checking from JB to EHTC panel and UCR/SIS panel

## **MILESTONE**

Unit 1 de-synchronised on 01-09-2016 and synchronised on 15-09-2016 and Unit 2 de-synchronised on 05-07-2016 and synchronised on 20-07-2016

**No additional time taken for EHTC commissioning**

**No forced outage during commissioning and till date due to EHTC**

## **ADVANTAGES ACHIEVED**

Increases the life of turbo set by conservative operation with the aid of TSE  
Reliable operation of isolated power grid by automatic switch over of the load controller to frequency control  
Low speed deviation under all operational conditions  
Maintenance time reduced  
No Lube oil as security oil required  
CV calibration more accurate  
Checking of trip solenoid valves one by one possible without stopping turbine.  
Automatic Turbine Testing for ESV and Lube oil  
Overspeed testing at lower speed  
Overspeed mechanical sensor replaced with more advanced electronic sensor  
All Turbine protection replaced with 2oo3 logic(except Hotwell level high,Fire in MOT,Damper tank level low)  
Fault finding easier with new Trend History and alarm history  
Turbine rolling much accurate and timely

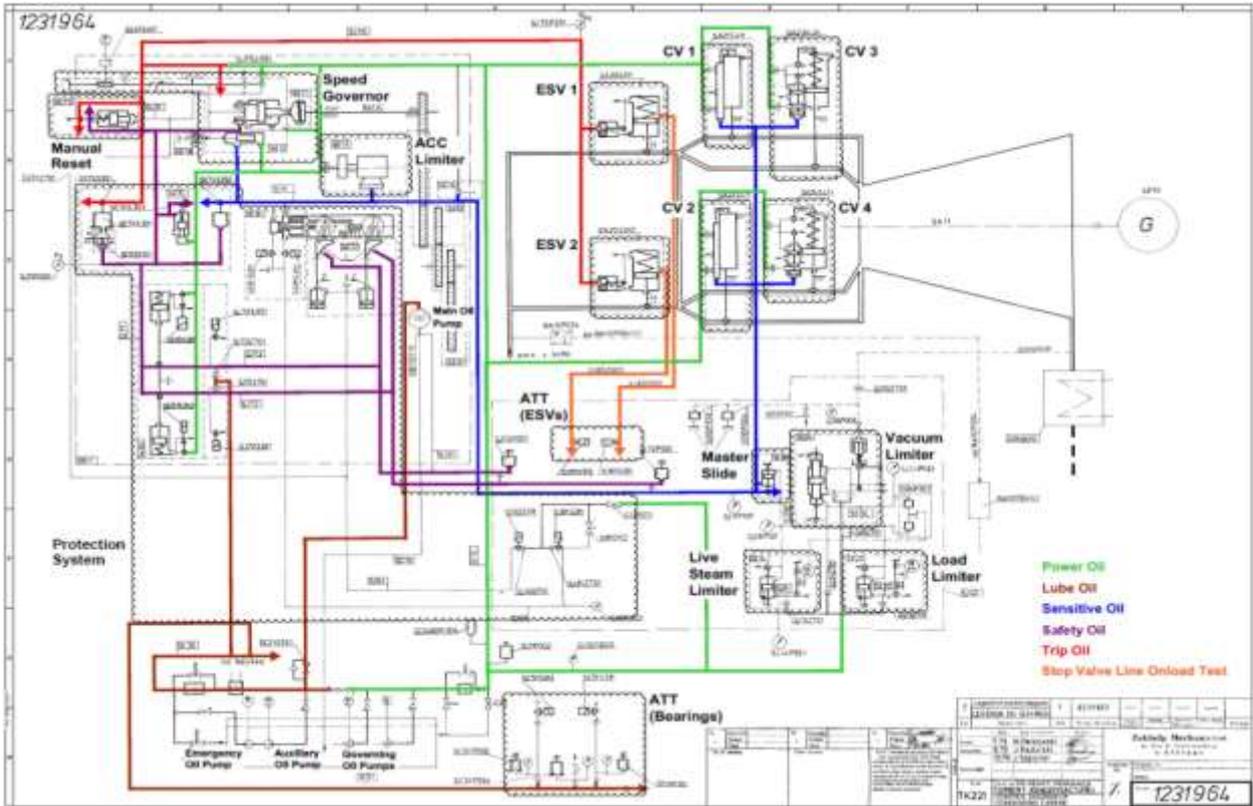


FIG.1: OLD GOVERNING SYSTEM

FIG.2: MODIFIED SYSTEM

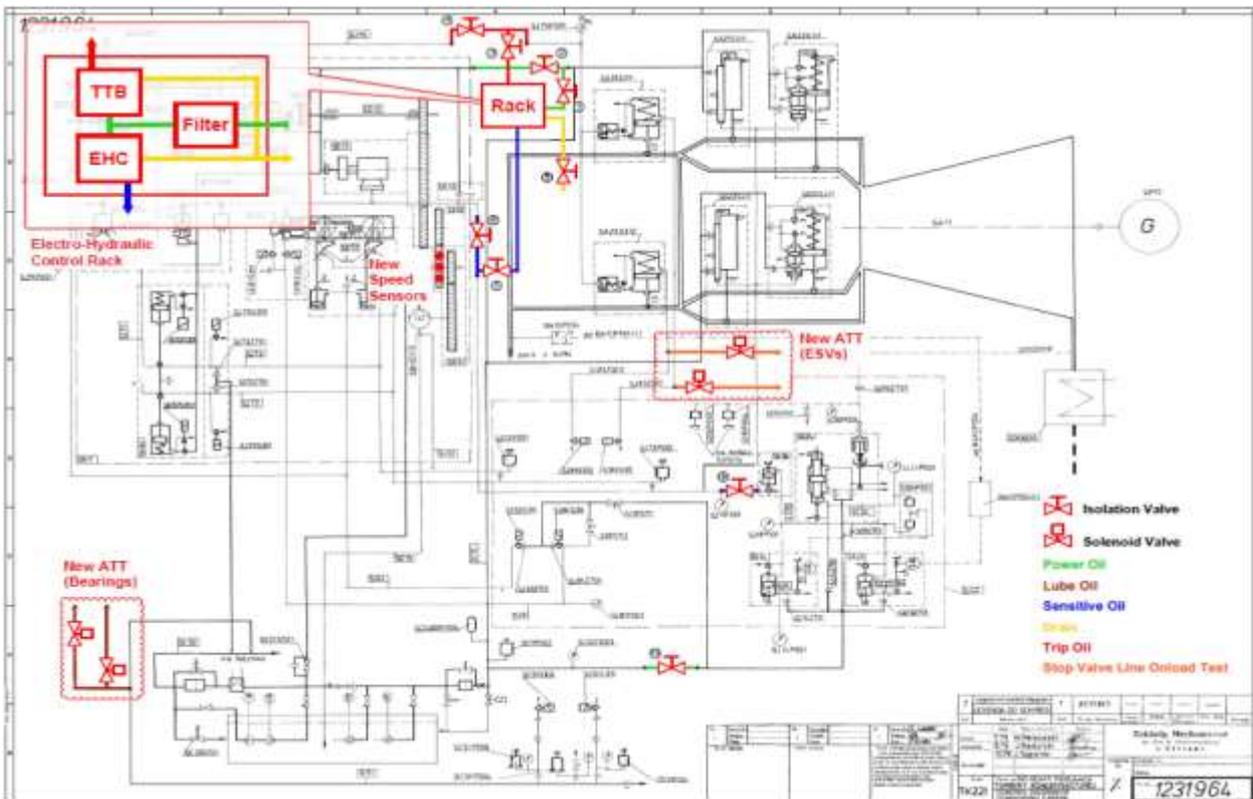
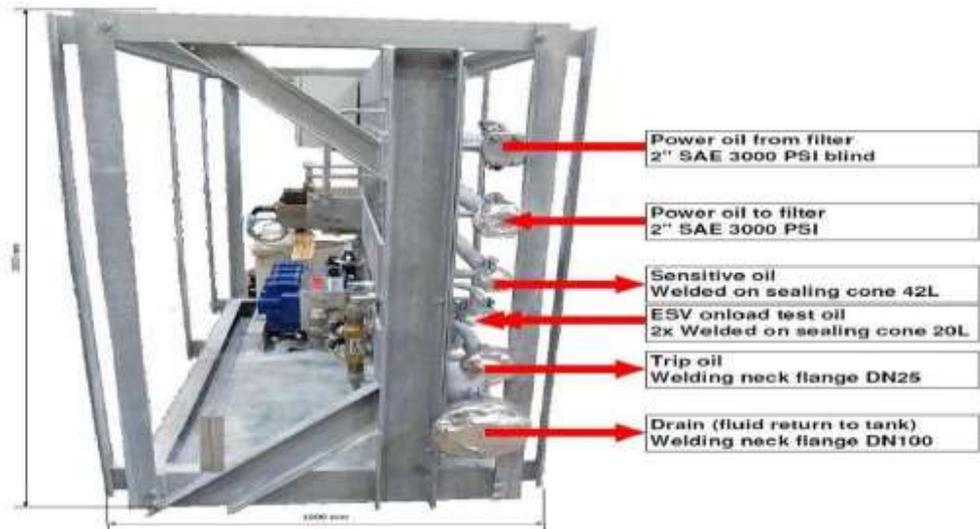


FIGURE: 3: NEW EHG RACK AND EXISTING LINE MODIFICATION



**FIGURE:4: SPEED SENSOR MOUNTING**

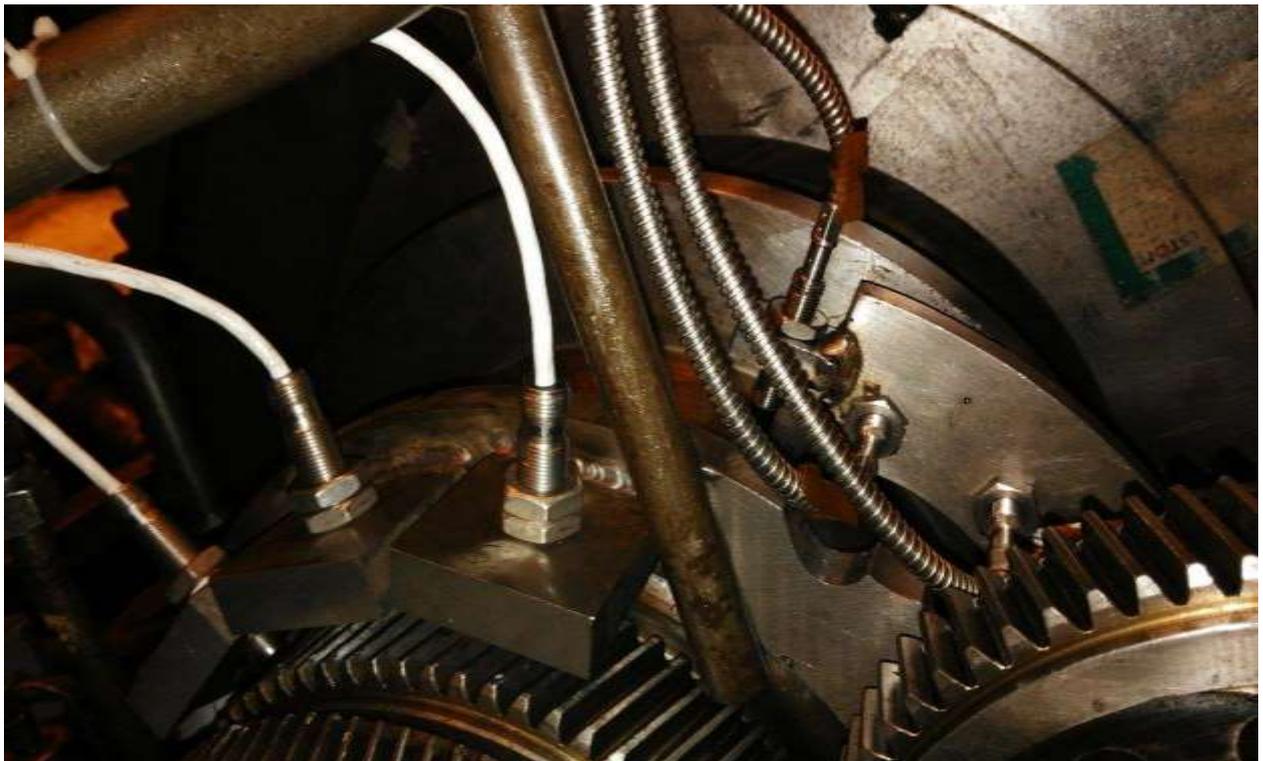
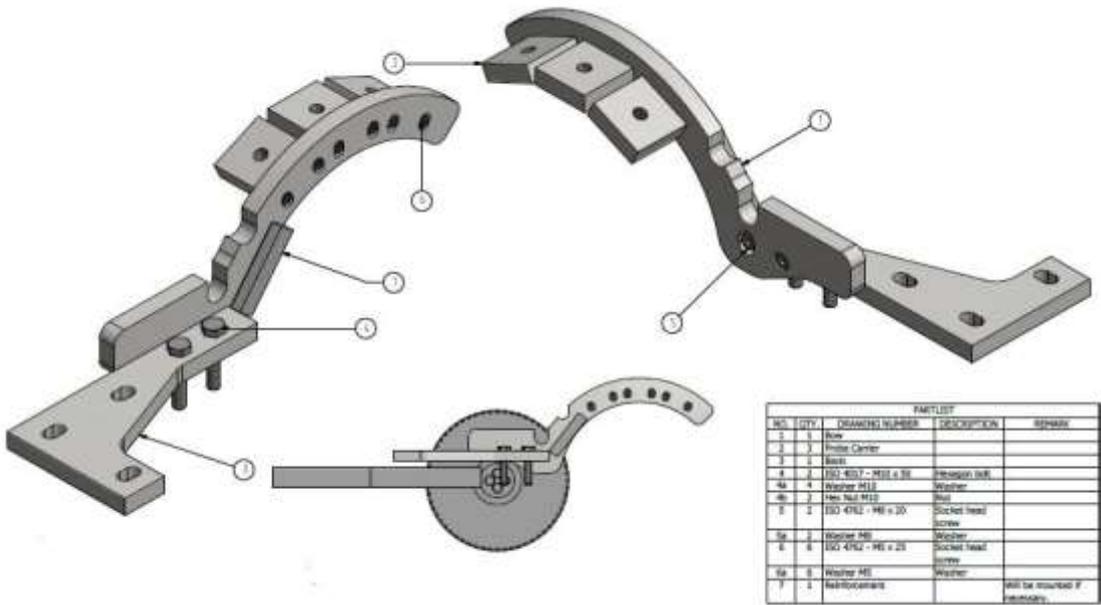


FIGURE: 5: SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

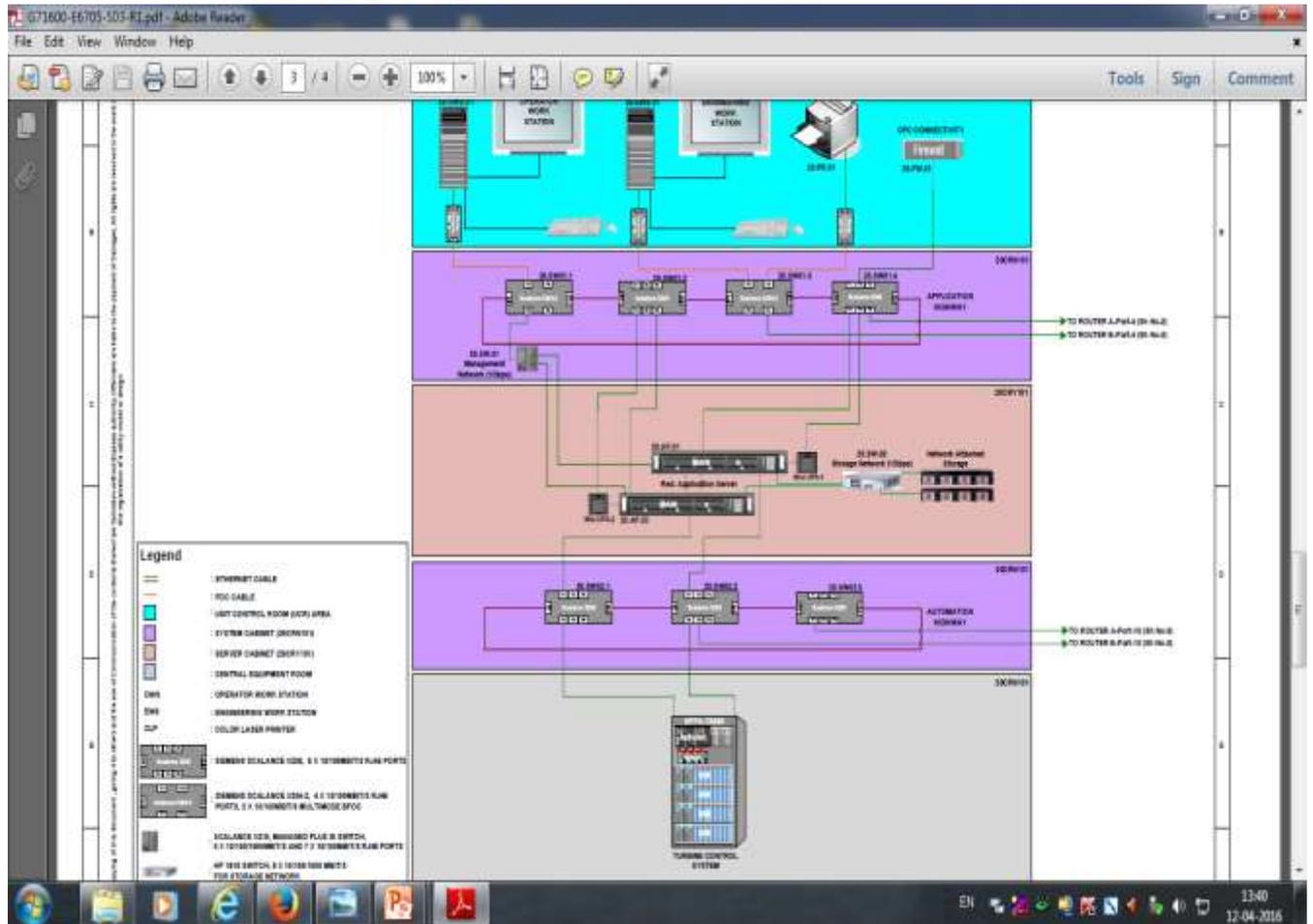


FIGURE: 6: OPERATION CONTROL MIMIC

